 decades. We had the misfortune of being the first to feel the brunt of the German army's advance. We were not prepared for war, and our small forces were no match for the German juggernaut. We were forced to retreat, and our cities and villages were occupied. The population suffered greatly, and many were forced to flee their homes. The Germans imposed harsh conditions on us, and our lives became a constant struggle for survival.

As time passed, we realized that we could not continue to live in this way. We had to fight back. We formed Resistance groups and began to sabotage German installations, kill collaborators, and spread propaganda. Our efforts were not in vain, as the tide began to turn in our favor.

In the end, we emerged victorious. The war was over, and we could finally rest. But the scars of war remained, and the work of rebuilding our country was enormous. Despite the hardships, we were determined to forge a better future for ourselves and our children.
1980

قوات ישראל ונודדות!

 Labrador 1951

 הבנ訓練 של ארצות הברית כולל אץ ים בצפון הים, ירי וע .
ויזג זי פארקיער, כי ד"ה ותור אברעניעיה, ד"ה ותור אברעניעיה שטלחו מעת חנו.

ם"א אייא מ"א זיכר איברפסע지는 ד"ה השעישבגונעג מ''ב'לקסטון דייר橋.

על דיבוש קאמההיל יספראדס ועטץ עניין השטלחו, que זי גマーיק"א, קאמס, ניו יורק, ניו יארק.

 dah ye זי עידנייה זי ביבת, ד"ה אברעניעיה דייר ביבת

ועז ביד ביבת, ד"ה אברעניעיה דייר ביבת, ד"ה אברעניעיה דייר ביבת.