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Chromatographic and Spectroscopic Characterization of the Consciousness Energy Healing Treated *Withania somnifera* (Ashwagandha) Root Extract

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**Abstract:** *Withania somnifera* (ashwagandha) root extract is a popular health supplement, with purported health benefits including prevention and treatment of various diseases, *i.e.* anxiety, stress, etc. The objective of this experiment was to evaluate the impact of Energy of Consciousness Healing Treatment (The Trivedi Effect) on the characteristic properties of the phytoconstituents present in the ashwagandha root extract using LC-MS, GC-MS, and NMR spectroscopy. Ashwagandha root extract was divided into two parts – one part was control (without treatment), while another part was treated with the Consciousness Energy Healing Treatment remotely by twenty renowned Biofield Energy Healers and defined as the Biofield Energy Treated sample. The liquid chromatographic data of the control and Biofield Energy Treated samples revealed that the retention time of the 25 chromatographic peaks remained same, whereas the peak area% *i.e.* the relative amount of the phytoconstituents was altered significantly. The peak area% of the treated ashwagandha root extract representing the phytoconstituents was significantly decreased in the range of 6.02% to 39.74% at Rₜ of 5.2, 5.3, 5.4, 5.6, 5.7, 6.9, 7.1, 7.3, 7.8, 7.9, 8.0, and 8.5 minutes compared to the control sample. On the contrary, the peak area% of the other phytoconstituents present in the treated sample was significantly increased in the range of 4.12% to 82.32% at Rₜ of 5.1, 6.4, 6.6, 6.8, 8.1, 8.2, 8.4, 8.6, 8.8, 8.9, 9.0, 9.1, and 9.2 minutes, respectively compared to the control sample. A total of 16 withanolides such as sitoindoside IX, viscose lactone B, dihydrowithanolide D, withanolide A, withaferin A, ixocarpalactone A, withanolide sulfoxide, *etc.* were proposed from the molecular mass at *m/z* 605, 489, 473, 471, 505, and 992 at the retention times of 6.9, 7.1, 7.8, 8.2, 8.5, and 9.2 minutes with the help of LC-MS, GC-MS and NMR data of both the samples. Subsequently, the mass peak intensities of the treated sample were significantly changed in the range of -61.24% to 106.61% compared with the control sample at the same retention time. These findings suggest that Energy of Consciousness Healing Treatment could be advantageous for altering the concentration of the phytoconstituents in the ashwagandha root extract by modifying their intrinsic physicochemical properties, which might be helpful to improve the bioavailability of active constituents of ashwagandha extract that might provide better therapeutic response against inflammatory diseases, immunological disorders,
arthitis, stress, cancer, diabetes, sexual disorders, aging, and other chronic infections.

Keywords: *Withania somnifera*, The Trivedi Effect®, Biofield Energy Healers, Energy of Consciousness Healing Treatment, Withanolides, LC-MS, GC-MS

1. Introduction

*Withania somnifera* (commonly known as ashwagandha, winter cherry, and Indian ginseng) root extract is a popular supplement, with purported health benefits including prevention and treatment of various diseases, *i.e.* anxiety, stress, etc. and for the good health [1-3]. It is mostly used in the herbal drugs and nutraceuticals for the treatment nervous and sexual disorders, diabetes, cancer, immunological disorders, infectious diseases, ulcer, stress, arthritis, etc. It is also used as a tonic to arrest the aging process, rejuvenate the body, and boost the defense system against infection as well as to promote the longevity of life [2-6]. The major active phytoconstituents of ashwagandha root extract are withanolides. Along with withanolides, ashwagandha root extract also contains alkaloids, sitosterol, withanamides, reducing sugars, peroxidases, glycosides, starch, withanicil, benzyl alcohol, dilticol, 2-phenyl ethanol, 3, 4, 5-trihydroxy cinnamic acid, benzoic acid, phenyl acetic acid, etc. [7-9]. Isolated withanolides from ashwagandha possess various pharmacological activities include antioxidant, immunomodulating, neuroprotective, hepatoprotective, anti-inflammatory, hypoglycaemic, anticancer, antiarthritic, antimicrobial, etc. [10-12]. Thus, ashwagandha root extract was included as one of the constituents in a novel proprietary herbomineral formulation, which can be used for the better quality of life and prevention and treatment of various disorders.

A unique vital force preserved by every living organisms which is usually believed to create the source of life is correlated with the soul, spirit, and mind and is also recognized as prana by the Hindus, *chi* or *qi* by the Chinese, and *ki* by the Japanese from the ancient-time. Now-a-days, this hypothetical vital force is considered as the Bioenergetics Field. This energy field is infinite, paradimensional and dynamic electromagnetic field surrounding the human body. This is also known as Biofield Energy. It can easily flow between the human and environment that leads to the continuous movement or matter of energy [13, 14]. Thus, the human has the capability to harness energy from the earth, the "Universal Energy Field" and transmit it to any living or nonliving object (s) around the globe. The objects always receive the energy and respond in a useful way. This process is known as Biofield Energy Healing Treatment [15-17]. Biofield (Putative Energy Fields) based Energy Therapies have been practiced worldwide in different health disease profiles [18]. National Center of Complementary and Integrative Health (NCCIH) has been recognized and accepted Biofield Energy Healing as a Complementary and Alternative Medicine (CAM) health care approach in addition to other therapies, medicines and practices such as natural products, yoga, Qi Gong, Tai Chi, deep breathing, chiropractic/osteopathic manipulation, meditation, special diets, homeopathy, progressive relaxation, massage, acupuncture, guided imagery, relaxation techniques, acupressure, hypnotherapy, movement therapy, pilates, rolffing structural integration, healing touch, Ayurvedic medicine, mindfulness, traditional Chinese herbs and medicines, essential oils, naturopathy, aromatherapy, cranial sacral therapy, Reiki, and applied prayer (as is common in all religions, like Hinduism, Buddhism, Christianity, and Judaism) [19]. The Biofield Energy Treatment (The Trivedi Effect®) has been extensively studied with significant outcomes in various scientific fields such as cancer research [20, 21], genetics [22, 23], biotechnology [24, 25], microbiology [26, 27], materials science [28-30], organic chemistry [31-33], nutraceuticals [34, 35], pharmaceuticals [36, 37], and agricultural science [38, 39].

Sophisticated modern instrumental techniques such as high-performance liquid chromatography (HPLC), ultra-performance liquid chromatography, normally hyphenated with mass spectrometry (MS), gas chromatography (GC), nuclear magnetic resonance (NMR) are very useful for the metabolite profiling and identification of the crude herbal extract [8, 40-42]. The LC-MS, GC-MS and NMR analysis of ashwagandha root extract revealed the presence of several known withanolides including withaferin A, withanolide D, withanoside IV/VI, withanolide sulfoxide, ixocarpalactone A, dihydrowithanolide D, etc. [43]. Therefore, LC-MS, GC-MS, and NMR analysis were conducted in this study to evaluate the effect of Energy of Consciousness Healing Treated (The Trivedi Effect®) on the phytoconstituents of the ashwagandha root extract.

2. Materials and Methods

2.1. Chemicals and Reagents

Ashwagandha (*Withania somnifera*) root hydroalcoholic extract was procured from Sanat Product Ltd., India. The HPLC grade Milli Q water and acetonitrile were purchased from Millipore and Merck. All other chemicals used in the experiment were of analytical grade available in India.

2.2. Energy of Consciousness Healing Treatment Strategies

Ashwagandha root extract was one of the ingredients of the new proprietary herbomineral formulation, developed by our research team, and it was used *per se* as the test sample for the current study. The test sample was divided into two parts, one part of the test sample was treated with Consciousness Energy Healing Treatment (The Trivedi Effect®) by renowned Biofield Energy Healers and defined as
Biofield Energy Treated sample, while the second part of the test sample did not receive any such treatment and defined as untreated or control ashwagandha root extract sample. The Consciousness Energy Healing Treatment was provided by the group of twenty renowned Biofield Energy Healers who participated in this study and performed the Biofield Energy Treatment (The Trivedi Effect®) remotely. Fifteen Biofield Energy Healers were remotely located in the U.S.A., two in Canada, one in the UK, one in Australia, and one in Germany, while the test compound was located in the research laboratory of GVK Biosciences Pvt. Ltd., Hyderabad, India. This Consciousness Energy Healing Treatment was provided for 5 minutes through Healer’s Unique Energy Transmission process remotely to the test compound under the laboratory conditions. None of the Biofield Energy Healers in this study visited the laboratory in person, nor had any contact with the compounds. Similarly, the control compound was subjected to “sham” healers for 5 minutes, under the same laboratory conditions. The sham healer did not have any knowledge about the Consciousness Energy Healing Treatment. The Biofield Energy Treated and untreated samples were kept in similar sealed conditions and characterized thoroughly by LC-MS, GC-MS, and NMR spectroscopy.

2.3. Characterization

2.3.1. Liquid Chromatography Mass Spectrometry (LC-MS)

The LC-MS analysis of the test samples were conducted by following the almost same method as mentioned in the recent literature [43] using The Waters® ACQUITY UPLC, Milford, MA, USA equipped with a binary pump (The Waters® BSM HPLC pump), autosampler, column heater and a photo-diode array (PDA) detector. A Triple Quad (Waters Quattro Premier XE, USA) mass spectrometer equipped with an electrospray ionization (ESI) source was used for the mass spectrometric analysis. The control and Biofield Energy Treated extract powders were dissolved in dimethyl sulfoxide to afford a 1 mg/mL stock solution. An aliquot of 2 µL of the stock solution was used for LC-MS analysis with a total run time of 25 minutes. Mass spectra were recorded in the positive ionization mode and with the full scan (m/z 50-1400).

Percent change in peak area% (T) was calculated using following equation (1):

\[
\% \text{ change in peak area} = \frac{T_{\text{Treated}} - T_{\text{Control}}}{T_{\text{Control}}} \times 100 \quad (1)
\]

Where, \(T_{\text{Control}}\) and \(T_{\text{Treated}}\) are the peak area (%) of the control and Biofield Energy Treated samples, respectively.

Similarly, the percent change in mass peak intensity (I) was calculated using equation (2):

\[
\% \text{ change in mass peak intensity} = \frac{I_{\text{Treated}} - I_{\text{Control}}}{I_{\text{Control}}} \times 100 \quad (2)
\]

Where, \(I_{\text{Control}}\) and \(I_{\text{Treated}}\) are the mass peak intensity of the control and Biofield Energy Treated samples, respectively.

2.3.2. Gas Chromatography-Mass Spectrometry (GC-MS) Analysis

GC-MS analysis of the control and Biofield Energy Treated samples were analyzed by following the same procedure as mentioned in our recent scientific literature [43] with the help of Agilent 7890B with 5977A Mass selective detector, USA equipped with a Quadrupole detector with pre-filter and flame ionization detector (FID). The control and Biofield Energy Treated ashwagandha root extract powder were dissolved in dimethyl sulfoxide to afford a 1 mg/mL stock solution. An aliquot of 1.0 µL of the stock solution was injected with a total run time of 44.0 min. The identification of analyte was performed using the retention time with a comparison of the mass spectra of the identified substances with references.

2.3.3. Nuclear Magnetic Resonance (NMR) Spectroscopy Analysis

\(^1\)H NMR and \(^{13}\)C NMR analysis of the control and Biofield Energy Treated samples were performed on a 400 MHZ VARIAN FT-NMR spectrometer and 100.00 MHz on a VARIAN FT-NMR spectrometer, respectively using the same procedure as mentioned in the recent literature [43]. \(^1\)H NMR multiplicities were labelled as singlet (s), doublet (d), doublet of doublet (dd), triplet (t), quartet (q), multiplet (m), broad (br), apparent (app). Chemical shifts (δ) were in parts per million (ppm) relative to the solvent’s residual proton chemical shift (CD3OD, δ = 3.31, 4.80 ppm) and solvent’s residual carbon chemical shift (CD3OD, δ = 49.15 ppm).

3. Results and Discussion

The liquid chromatograms and the chromatographic data of the control and Consciousness Energy Healing Treated samples of ashwagandha root extract are presented in Figure 1 and Table 1, respectively. Several peaks with different retention times were observed in the LC chromatograms of the control and Biofield Energy Treated samples. Twenty five definite peaks in the chromatogram common to both the control and Biofield Energy Treated samples shown the at R\(_t\) of 5.1, 5.2, 5.3, 5.4, 5.6, 5.7, 6.4, 6.6, 6.8, 6.9, 7.1, 7.3, 7.8, 7.9, 8.0, 8.1, 8.2, 8.4, 8.5, 8.6, 8.8, 8.9, 9.0, 9.1, and 9.2 minutes. Along with 25 common peaks in the control and Biofield Energy Treated sample one additional peak at R\(_t\) of 7.63 minutes (Figure 1) was appeared in the Biofield Energy Treated sample, which did not observed in the control sample (Figure 1). Each chromatographic peak with the corresponding R\(_t\) represents one phytoconstituents present in the ashwagandha root extract. Thus, several phytoconstituents are present in the ashwagandha root extract, and the R\(_t\) of both the control and Biofield Energy Treated samples were very close to each other (Table 1). The peak heights and areas were very important for the measurement of the relative concentration of the phytoconstituents present in the root extract. The area under the peak is directly proportional to the relative concentration.
of each compound, and these areas can be calculated [43, 44]. The peak area% of the Biofield Energy Treated ashwagandha root extract represented the phytoconstituents were significantly decreased in the range of 6.02% to 39.74% at R<sub>t</sub> of 5.2, 5.3, 5.4, 5.6, 5.7, 6.9, 7.1, 7.3, 7.8, 7.9, 8.0, and 8.5 minutes compared to the control sample (Table 1). On the contrary, the peak area% of the other phytoconstituents present in the Biofield Energy Treated ashwagandha was significantly increased in the range of 4.12% to 82.32% at R<sub>t</sub> of 5.1, 6.4, 6.6, 6.8, 8.1, 8.2, 8.4, 8.6, 8.8, 8.9, 9.0, 9.1, and 9.2 minutes, respectively compared to the control sample (Table 1). Over all, the peak area% of the phytoconstituents present in the Biofield Energy Treated ashwagandha root extract was significantly altered in the range of -39.74% to 82.32% compared with the control sample (Table 1). It is assumed that the Consciousness Energy Healing Treatment might have the significant effect on the relative amount/concentration of the phytoconstituents present in the ashwagandha root extract. It can also be presumed that the intrinsic physicochemical properties of ashwagandha root, i.e., particle size, surface area, etc. that are related to the solubility of the phytoconstituents might have altered due to the Consciousness Energy Healing Treatment [28-35].

Table 1. Liquid chromatographic data of the control and Biofield Energy Treated ashwagandha root extract.

| Peak | WS-Control | | WS-Biofield Energy Treated | % Change in PA%* |
|------|------------|-------------------------------|--------------------|
| R<sub>t</sub> | PA | PA% | PA | PA% |  |
| 1 | 5.1 | 4829.78 | 2.02 | 5642.61 | 1.77 | 14.67 |
| 2 | 5.2 | 942.06 | 0.39 | 1108.30 | 0.35 | -10.26 |
| 3 | 5.3 | 3192.48 | 1.33 | 3998.76 | 1.25 | -19.12 |
| 4 | 5.4 | 3303.86 | 1.38 | 4602.00 | 1.44 | -12.38 |
| 5 | 5.6 | 4080.16 | 1.70 | 5631.10 | 1.77 | -10.26 |
| 6 | 5.7 | 5987.32 | 2.50 | 8541.15 | 2.68 | -6.02 |
| 7 | 6.4 | 7319.55 | 3.06 | 8716.36 | 2.73 | 4.35 |
| 8 | 6.6 | 8671.91 | 3.62 | 9506.17 | 2.98 | 4.12 |
| 9 | 6.8 | 3642.57 | 1.52 | 4001.35 | 1.25 | 7.20 |
| 10 | 6.9 | 1873.54 | 0.78 | 1503.26 | 0.47 | -10.78 |
| 11 | 7.1 | 45707.02 | 19.10 | 51631.00 | 16.17 | -17.68 |
| 12 | 7.3 | 2560.08 | 1.07 | 2547.90 | 0.80 | -17.76 |
| 13 | 7.8 | 6598.21 | 2.76 | 11152.08 | 3.49 | -39.74 |
| 14 | 7.9 | 7783.58 | 3.25 | 12759.10 | 4.00 | -15.34 |
| 15 | 8.0 | 2570.59 | 1.07 | 4685.21 | 1.47 | -25.23 |
| 16 | 8.1 | 76484.34 | 31.96 | 90115.46 | 28.23 | 26.45 |
| 17 | 8.2 | 11068.77 | 4.63 | 20061.07 | 6.28 | 23.08 |
| 18 | 8.4 | 18908.52 | 7.90 | 30104.04 | 9.43 | 37.38 |
| 19 | 8.5 | 4322.44 | 1.81 | 10520.59 | 3.30 | -11.67 |
| 20 | 8.6 | 2216.93 | 0.93 | 4995.72 | 1.56 | 35.64 |
| 21 | 8.8 | 518.69 | 0.22 | 986.85 | 0.31 | 9.37 |
| 22 | 8.9 | 1856.87 | 0.78 | 3998.57 | 1.25 | 82.32 |
| 23 | 9.0 | 1021.04 | 0.43 | 2325.41 | 0.73 | 67.74 |
| 24 | 9.1 | 1441.15 | 0.60 | 2495.01 | 0.78 | 40.91 |
| 25 | 9.2 | 12422.98 | 5.19 | 15288.21 | 4.79 | 60.26 |
| Total peak area | | 239324.54 | | 316937.28* |

PA: Peak Area; WS: Withania somnifera; R<sub>t</sub>: Retention time; *: includes one extra peak appeared in the TIC at R<sub>t</sub> of 7.63 minutes having peak area of 2326.07 units. # denotes the percentage change in the peak area (%) of the Biofield Energy Treated sample with respect to the control sample.
Among these 25 chromatographic peaks, only six peaks at \( R_t \) of 6.9, 7.1, 7.8, 8.2, 8.5, and 9.2 minutes having significant peak area% responded to the mass spectrometer and afforded the respective ESI-MS spectra (Table 2). With the help of ESI-MS, GC-MS, NMR spectral data, and our recent literature [43], sixteen withanolides are proposed from the control and Biofield Energy Treated samples (Table 2 & Figure 2). The chromatographic peak at \( R_t \) of 6.9 minutes reflect the ammonium adduct ion peak in the mass spectra at \( m/z \) 650 \([M + NH_4]^+\) (calcd for \( C_{34}H_{40}O_N \), 650) along with lower mass peak at \( m/z \) 471 proposed to be sitoindoside IX (1) (Figure 2) in the control and Biofield Energy Treated samples. The peak area% of sitoindoside IX (1) was decreased by 10.78%, and the mass peak intensity at \( m/z \) 650 was significantly increased by 160.61% in the Biofield Energy Treated sample compared with the control sample (Tables 2). Similarly, at \( R_t \) of 7.1 minutes, 3β-hydroxy-2, 3-dihydro-withanolide F (2) or viscosa lactone B (3) or 27-hydroxy withanolide A (4) were proposed with the molecular ion peak at \( m/z \) 489 \([M + H]^+\) (calcd for \( C_{28}H_{38}O_8 \), 489) and ammonium adduct ion peak at \( m/z \) 650 \([M + NH_4]^+\) in the mass spectra of both the control and Biofield Energy Treated samples (Table 2 & Figure 2). The peak area% was decreased by 39.78%, but the mass peak intensity at \( m/z \) 471 was significantly increased by 47.52% in the Biofield Energy Treated sample compared with the control sample (Tables 1 & 2).

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>( R_t ) (min)</th>
<th>ESI-MS (m/z)</th>
<th>Proposed Compounds</th>
<th>( m/z ) peak Intensity</th>
<th>% Change in Intensity*</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>6.9</td>
<td>650 ([M + NH_4]^+)</td>
<td>Sitoindoside IX (1)</td>
<td>Control: 1.32e6, Treated: 3.44e6</td>
<td>160.61</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7.1</td>
<td>489 ([M + H]^+), 506 ([M + NH_4]^+)</td>
<td>( \beta )-Hydroxy-2, 3-dihydro-withanolide F (2), 27-Hydroxy withanolide A (4)</td>
<td>Control: 1.58e7, Treated: 2.55e7</td>
<td>61.39</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7.8</td>
<td>473 ([M + H]^+)</td>
<td>24, 25-Dihydrowithanolide D (5), 2, 3-Dihydrowithaferin A (6), Withanolide A (7), Withaferine A (8), Withanolone (9)</td>
<td>Control: 9.49e6, Treated: 1.40e7</td>
<td>47.52</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8.2</td>
<td>471 ([M + H]^+)</td>
<td>Withanolide D (10), 27-Hydroxy withanolide B (11)</td>
<td>Control: 4.18e7, Treated: 5.72e7</td>
<td>36.84</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8.5</td>
<td>505 ([M + H]^+)</td>
<td>Ixocarpalactone A (14), Withanolone S (15)</td>
<td>Control: 5.14e6, Treated: 1.99e6</td>
<td>-61.24</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9.2</td>
<td>992 ([M + H]^+)</td>
<td>Withanolide sulfoxide (16)</td>
<td>Control: 2.47e6, Treated: 1.66e6</td>
<td>-32.79</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

\( R_t \): retention time; \( m/z \): mass-to-charge ratio; *denotes the percentage change of the Biofield Energy Treated sample with respect to the control sample.

**Table 2.** Compounds proposed from ESI-MS spectra of the control and Biofield Energy Treated ashwagandha root extract.
The mass spectroscopic data revealed that the mass fragmentation pattern of the control and Biofield Energy Treated samples were almost similar pattern. But, the mass peak intensities of the Biofield Energy Treated sample were significantly altered in the range of -61.24% to 106.61% compared to the control sample with respect to the same retention time. This finding suggested that the natural isotopic abundance ratio of the identified phytoconstituents in the ashwagandha root extract might be altered due to the Consciousness Energy Healing Treatment.
Figure 3. GC-MS spectra of the ashwagandha root extract with the proposed fragmentation of compounds.
4. Conclusions

The chromatographic and spectroscopic characterization of ashwagandha root extract concluded that Energy of Consciousness Healing Treatment (The Trivedi Effect®) has the significant effect on the peak area% (i.e. the relative concentration of the phytoconstituents) and mass peak intensities. The liquid chromatographic data of the control and Biofield Energy Treated samples revealed that the retention time of the 25 chromatographic peaks remained same, whereas the peak area% i.e. the relative amount of the phytoconstituents was significantly altered in the Biofield Energy Treated sample from -39.74% to 82.32% compared to the control sample. A total of 16 withanolides such as sitoindoside IX, viscosa lactone B, dihydrowithanolide D, withanolide A, withaferin A, ixocarpalactone A, withanolide sulfoxide, etc. were proposed from the molecular mass at m/z 605, 489, 473, 471, 505, and 992 at retention times of 6.9, 7.1, 7.8, 8.2, 8.5, and 9.2 minutes with the help of LC-MS, GC-MS and NMR data of both the samples. Subsequently, the mass peak intensities of the Biofield Energy Treated sample were significantly changed in the range of -61.24% to 106.61% compared with the control sample at the same retention time. The Energy of Consciousness Healing Treatment could be valuable for altering the concentration of the phytoconstituents in the ashwagandha root extract by modifying their intrinsic physicochemical properties, which might be helpful to improve the bioavailability of its phytoconstituents. Thus, Biofield Energy Treated ashwagandha root extract might provide better therapeutic response against various diseases such as diabetes mellitus, septic shock, and allergies; stress-related disorders like sleep disorder, depression, anxiety, insomnia, low libido, brain frog, mental restlessness (mind chattering), impotency, lack of motivation, fear of the future, confusion, migraines, forgetfulness, loneliness, headaches, irritability, worthlessness, indecisiveness, chronic fatigue, frustration, and panic attacks; inflammatory diseases and immunological disorders like Lupus, Hashimoto Thyroiditis, Type 1 Diabetes, Chronic peptic ulcers, Tuberculosis, Asthma, Chronic active hepatitis, Hepatitis, Graves’ Disease, Addison Disease, Pernicious and Sjogren Syndrome, Crohn’s disease, Aplastic Anemia, Multiple Sclerosis, Rheumatoid arthritis, Chronic periodontitis, Ulcerative colitis, Myasthenia Gravis, Chronic sinusitis, Atherosclerosis, Dermatitis, Diveritculitis, Rheumatoid Arthritis, Reactive Arthritis, Fibromyalgia, Sclerodema, Chronic Fatigue Syndrome, Psoriasis, aging-related diseases like cardiovascular disease, cancer, Alzheimer’s disease, diabetes, dementia, cataracts, osteoporosis, hypertension, Parkinson’s Disease, hearing loss, Prion Disease, Amyotrophic lateral sclerosis, Motor Neuron Disease, Spinocerebellar Ataxia, Spinal muscular atrophy, chronic infections and much more.

Abbreviations


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