A 64-year-old white male presented to the Emergency Department with complaints of 24 hours of right lower quadrant abdominal pain. The patient was without past medical or surgical history. Review of systems was remarkable for nausea without vomiting and absence of urinary symptoms or change in bowel habits. Physical examination was significant for a blood pressure of 136/76 mm Hg, a heart rate of 95 beats per minute, respiratory rate of 16 breaths per minute, and temperature of 98.7 degrees Fahrenheit. Pulse oximetry was recorded at 100% on room air. Patient was an alert, well-appearing adult male with exquisite tenderness to palpation over the right lower quadrant without guarding, rebound, or rigidity. The rest of the physical examination and the laboratory evaluation were without significant findings or abnormalities. A CT scan of the abdomen and pelvis (Figure 1) with P.O. and I.V. contrast is shown demonstrating an intra-cardiac soft tissue mass (closed dark arrow). No intra-abdominal/pelvic radiographic findings to explain the patient’s abdominal pain were found. Subsequent bedside echocardiography demonstrated a 1.5cm x 2.5 cm left-sided atrial myxoma that extended into left ventricle during systole (Figure 2, white arrow). Atrial myxomas are rare, benign, intra-cardiac tumors with a wide spectrum of symptoms related to location, embolization, and propensity to obstruct blood flow through the heart.1,2 These are often difficult to diagnose. Most commonly, left-sided atrial myxomas present with dyspnea on exertion, dizziness, syncope, neurological signs and symptoms as a result of systemic embolization.1,2 Right-sided atrial myxomas present with easy fatigability, peripheral edema and ascites, or pulmonary embolism.3,4 Additionally, pain resulting from embolic infarction of solid and hollow organs has been reported in the literature.5,6

Subsequent to resection of the myxoma, the patient had complete resolution of the abdominal pain. No cause was ever identified.

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REFERENCES