Case Presentation

Trichofolliculoma: a rare variant of hair follicle hamartoma

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Abstract

Trichofolliculoma is a rare hair follicle hamartoma, which is often regarded as a hair follicle tumor. Mostly, it presents as a papule or nodule, involving the skin of the face and scalp area. A central, dilated keratin plugged ostium with vellus hair(s) is often present. We report a 19-year-old woman with typical clinical and histopathological findings of trichofolliculoma.

Case synopsis

A 19-year-old woman presented with a skin-colored nodule with vellus hair on her scalp region. The lesion first appeared ten years earlier and the vellus hair has been growing slowly over time. Physical examination revealed a 0.5x0.5 cm sized skin-colored nodule with a central pore and a wool-like tuft of hairs on the vertex (Figure 1). Following informed consent, she underwent total excision of the nodule on her scalp. Histological examination demonstrated ectatic cystic follicles filled with keratin around a large number of small follicles in different stages of maturation (Figure 2). The clinical and histopathological diagnosis of trichofolliculoma was made. After excision, no complication was observed. However, recurrence at the primary site was seen 3 months later.

Discussion

Trichofolliculoma is a rare hamartoma, which presents mainly in adults as a small, solitary papule or nodule [1]. Although the precise etiology of trichofolliculoma is uncertain, it is believed to represent abortive differentiation of pluripotent skin cells toward hair follicles [2]. However, there are some case reports that demonstrate lesions on the neck, intranasal mucosa, external auditory canal, and vulvar area; it commonly involves the face and scalp [3-7]. The vast majority of lesions are 0.2 to 0.5 cm-sized papules or nodules. Owing to its lack of distinctive clinical features, the tumors are often misdiagnosed as other disorders such as milium, keratoacanthoma, molluscum contagiosum, trichoepithelioma, syringoma, dermal nevus, epidermoid cyst, sebaceous hyperplasia, and basal cell carcinoma [3,6,7]. Sometimes, a central follicular ostium or punctum may be identifiable and a small wool-like tuft of hairs may protrude from the surface, as was seen in the present case [2]. A tuft of white vellus hairs gives a distinctive morphological appearance to trichofolliculoma. On histopathologic examination, there is a dilated central follicle commonly filled with cornified cells and sometimes containing vellus hairs [8]. Numerous, smaller, secondary follicles that bud from the wall of the central follicle in a radial fashion are observed as well [4]. A study of cytokeratin expression in trichofolliculoma has revealed that trichofolliculoma mainly differentiates toward the hair bulge and the outer root sheath in the isthmus [3]. Misago et al. revealed that cytokeratin (CK) 15 expression was upregulated in the basal cells from the primary cystic structures to secondary follicles without expression of CK19 [8]. Trichofolliculoma is a benign condition, but malignant transformation with perineural invasion has been reported in a single case report [9].
However, surgical excision may be the treatment of choice, there is no need for treatment. The prognosis is excellent, although recurrence can rarely occur at the primary site [7].

In conclusion, trichofolliculoma is a rare hair follicle hamartoma and a tuft of hair protruding from the center makes it even clinically diagnosable as was seen in the present case.

![Figure 1: Skin-colored nodule with a central pore and wool-like tuft of hairs on the vertex](image)

**Figure 1:** Skin-colored nodule with a central pore and wool-like tuft of hairs on the vertex

![Figure 2: Histologic findings. A) Ectatic cystic follicles filled with keratin around a large number of small follicles in different stages of maturation (H&Ex40 magnification). B) At higher magnification the morphology of small follicles (H&Ex100 magnification) is shown.](image)

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References